



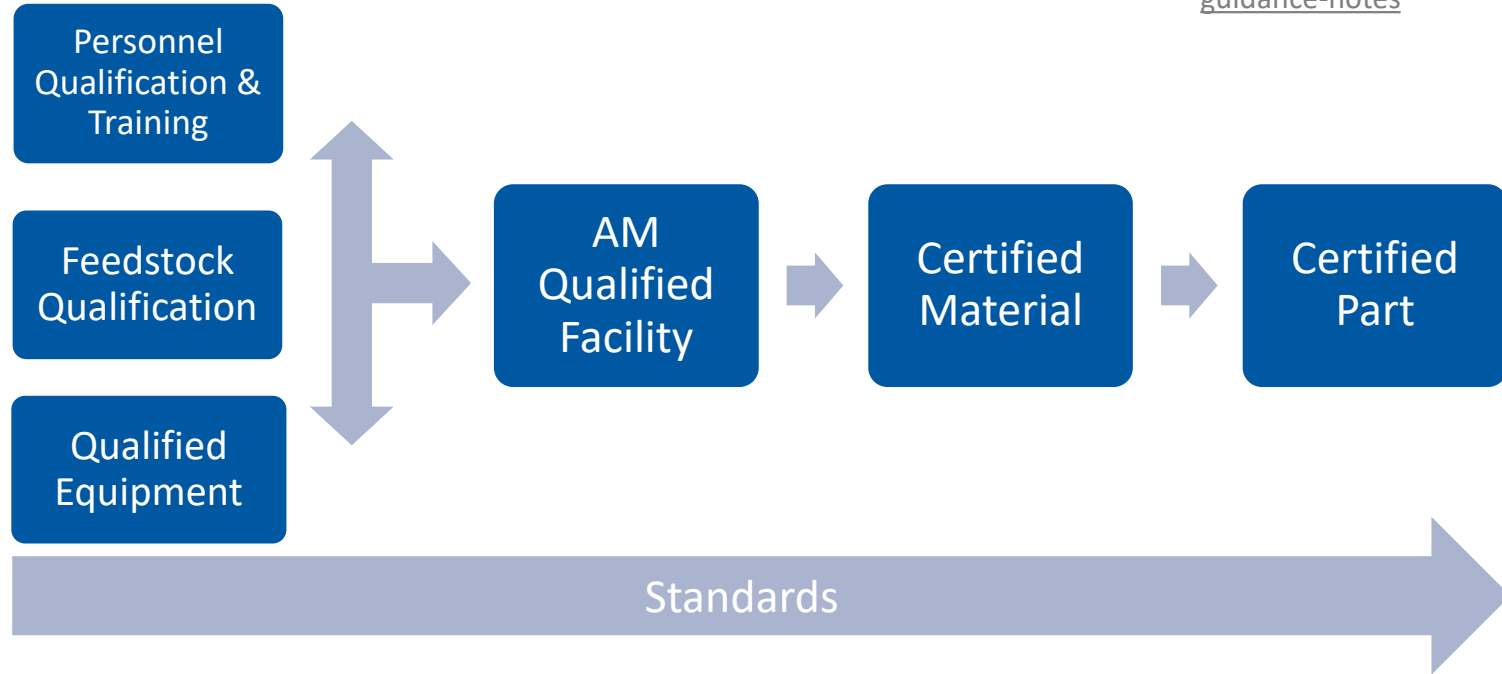
JOINING
INNOVATION
AND EXPERTISE

Implementation of Certification, Qualification & Standardisation

Amanda Allison
Senior Technical Project Leader:
Laser Additive Manufacturing

CSQ – Dependency Chain

AM Certification Guidance Notes available at:
<https://www.twi-global.com/media-and-events/press-releases/2020/additive-manufacturing-certification-guidance-notes>



Personnel Qualification & Training

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Personnel Qualification and Training

- Standards under development:
 - ISO/ASTM 52926 Series (Qualification of Machine Operators)
 - ISO/ASTM 52935 (Qualification of AM Coordinators”
- OEM Training
- On the job training
- Awareness of Health and safety
- Maintaining records



CLLAIM Project

Creating know**L**edge and skills in **A**dditive **M**anufacturing

- ✓ International AM qualification body
- ✓ International harmonized Qualification System
- ✓ Qualifications by profiles (Designer, Operator, Supervisor and Inspector)

8 Partners → 4 Countries → 1 EC Project Officer



Assessing, targeting industrial skills needs and
creating the necessary Qualifications Profiles

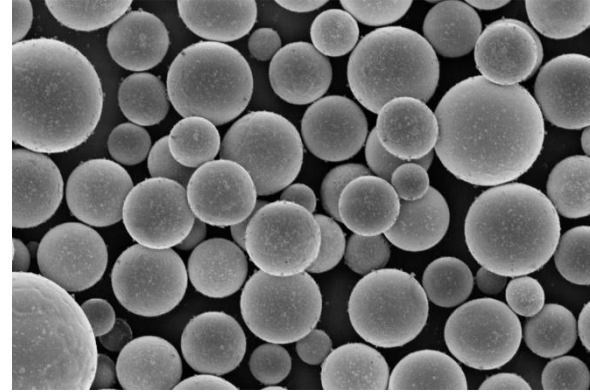
Industrial Processes and AM
product's certification

Feedstock Qualification

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Feedstock Qualification

- Use specification
- Purchase specification
- Testing
- Procurement





Feedstock Specification, Procurement, Sampling & Recycling

Feedstock specification

- External provider
- SS316L enhanced - agreed with sponsors
- Meeting specification requirements

Feedstock procurement

- Eight potential vendors contacted, three offers to supply
- Powder supplier accredited by a Certification Authority
- Certificate of conformity and MSDS

Sampling

- Production quantity purchased = 200kg (20 x 10kg bottles)
- As per ASTM B215-15 recommendations
- Samples removed from 7 randomly selected bottles, combined and sent for analysis

Recycling

- Powders sieved (<63µm) after every use and powder samples taken
- Powders re-analysed (complete re-certification) after every 3rd recycle



Powder Testing/Characterisation

Chemical composition

Flowability (Hall flowmeter)

Apparent (Scott) density

Tap density

Particle size analysis via laser diffraction

Morphology (optical / SEM)

**All powder characterisation
tasks sub-contracted (UKAS
approved on chemical and
particle size determination)**

Qualified Equipment

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Qualified Equipment

Factory
Acceptance
Tests

Site
Acceptance
Test

Maintenance

Calibration



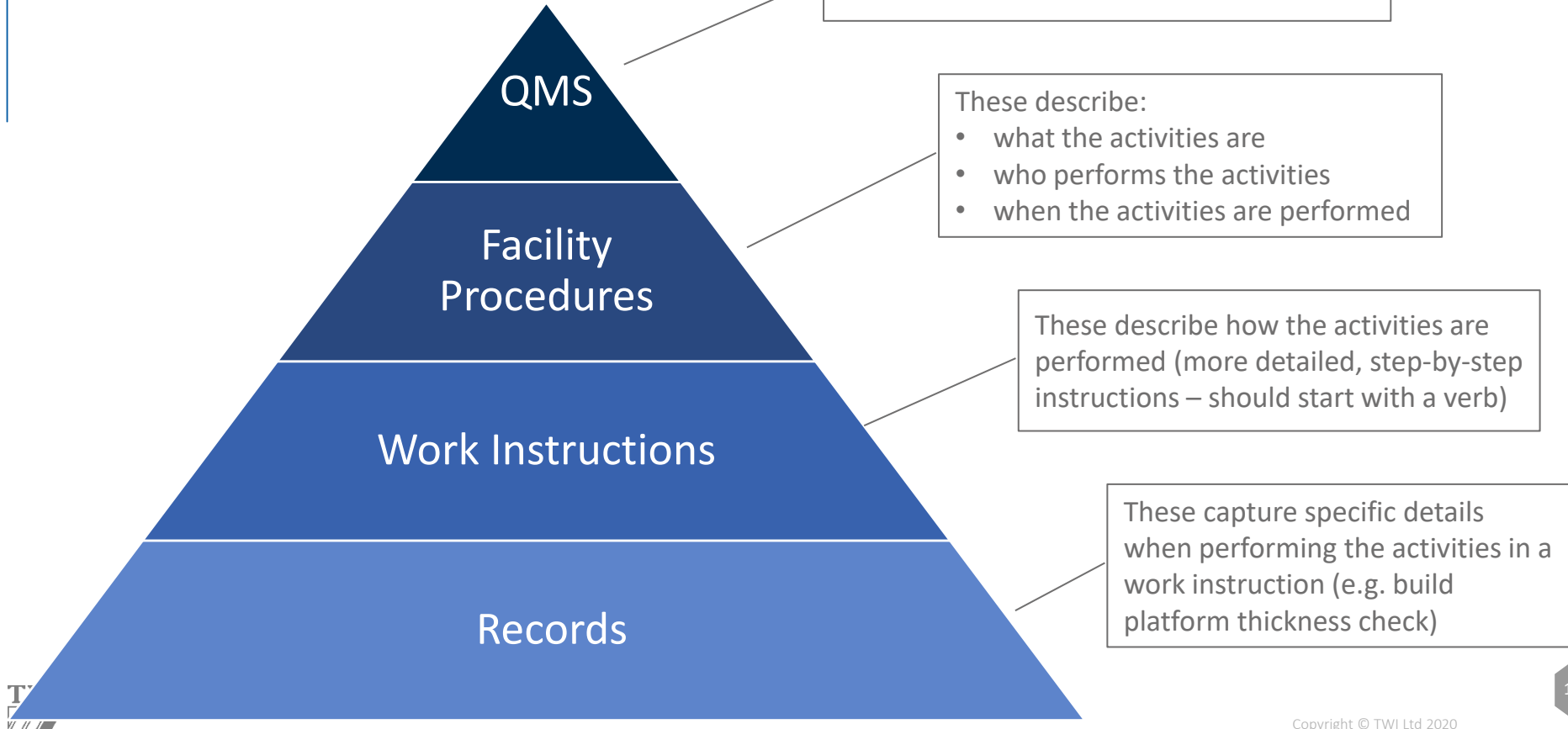
Quality

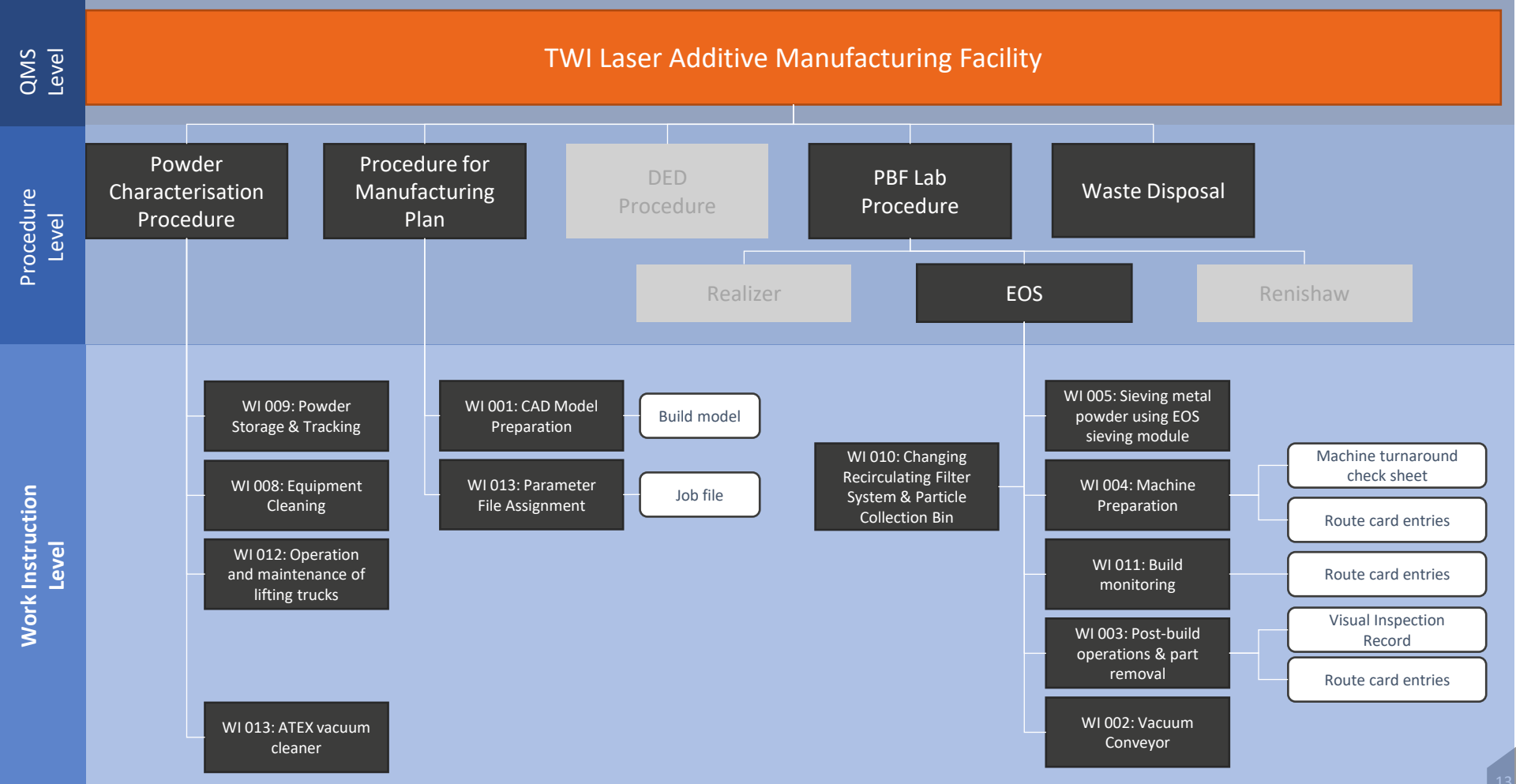
Compliance



Performance

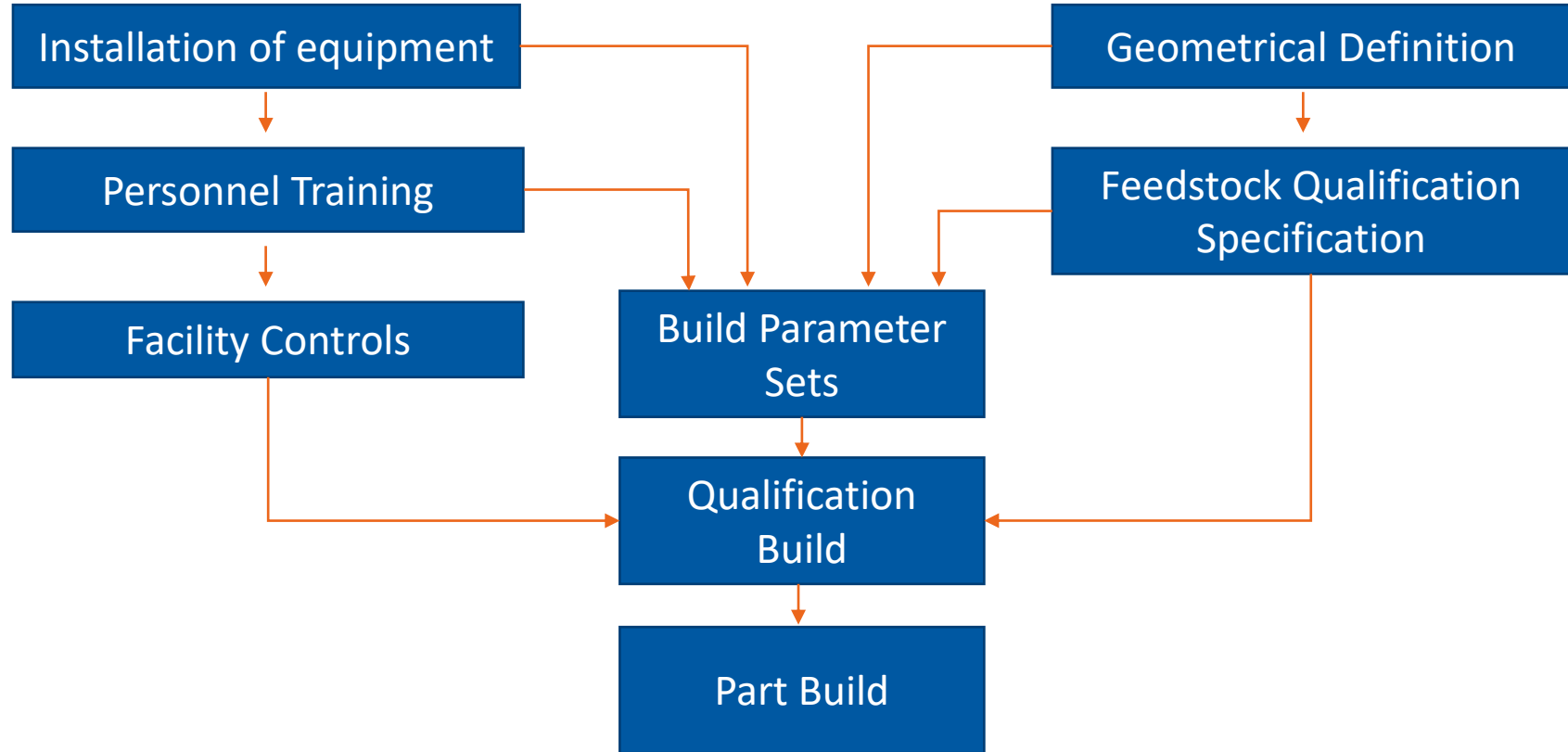
Facility Controls







Manufacturing Flowchart



PBF-LB Build Parameter sets

Laser-material interaction parameters:

- Laser power
- Scan speed (exposure time, point distance)
- Hatch spacing
- Layer thickness

Optimal energy density

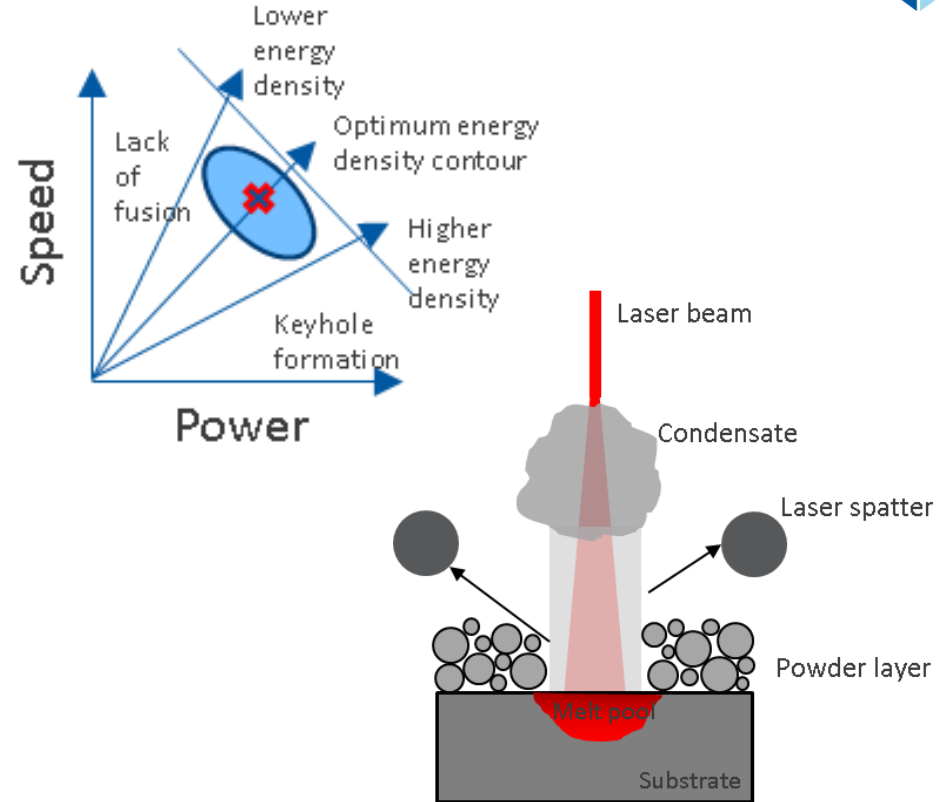
- No lack of fusion
- No over-melting
- Minimal spatter & condensate

Processing windows

- Maximum relative density
- Minimum standard deviation

Optimal combination of parameters

- Reduce residual stresses
- No cracking



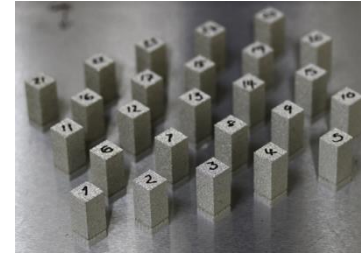
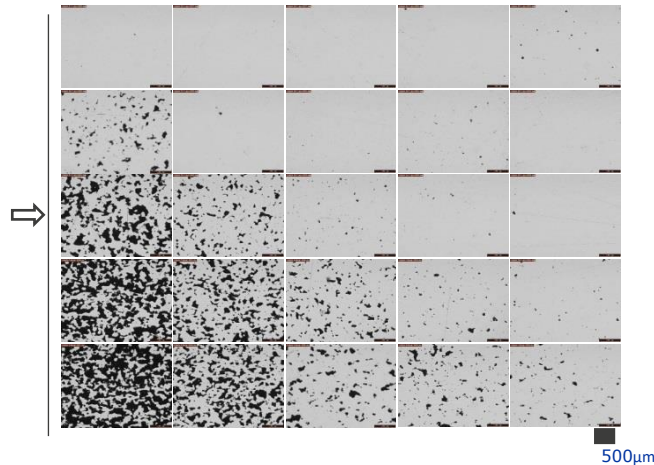


Determination of optimised process parameters

Step 1

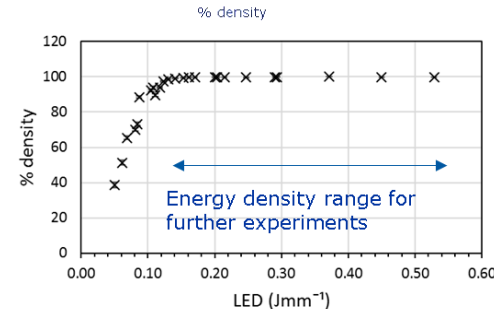
Perform DOE building cubes varying laser speed and lower across a range of different energy densities

Determine material density and standard deviation (which indicates variation in porosity size)



Example: Step 1 - In718
PBF-LB Processing
Parameters

	Power (W)				
	150	205	260	315	370
700	99.94044	99.96367	99.97664	99.89911	99.72067
1275	93.76056	99.95267	99.95211	99.62522	99.89444
1850	70.12444	89.50533	99.08133	99.83433	99.88078
2425	51.37422	73.23922	93.71722	98.59256	99.40511
3000	38.72978	65.38856	88.50189	92.14289	97.367



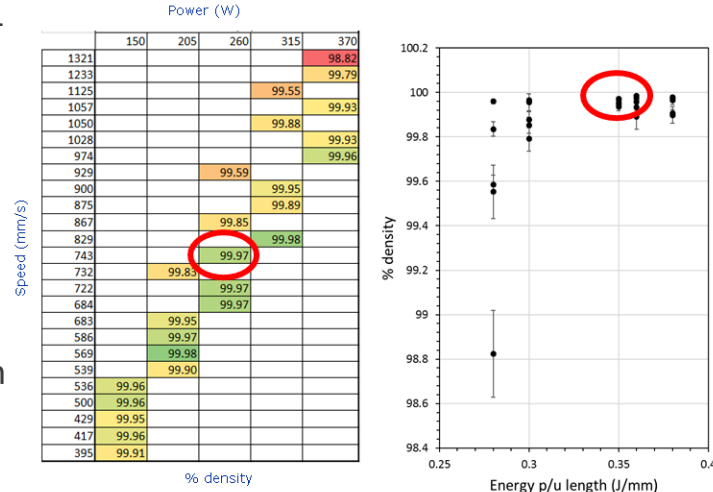


Determination of optimised process parameters

Step 2

- Use Energy Density Range from Step 1 but vary combinations of laser power and speed
- Determine material density and standard deviation (which indicates variation in porosity size)
- Choose best process parameters based on density and standard deviation and hence identify optimum processing window

Example: Step 2 - In718 PBF-LB Processing Parameters

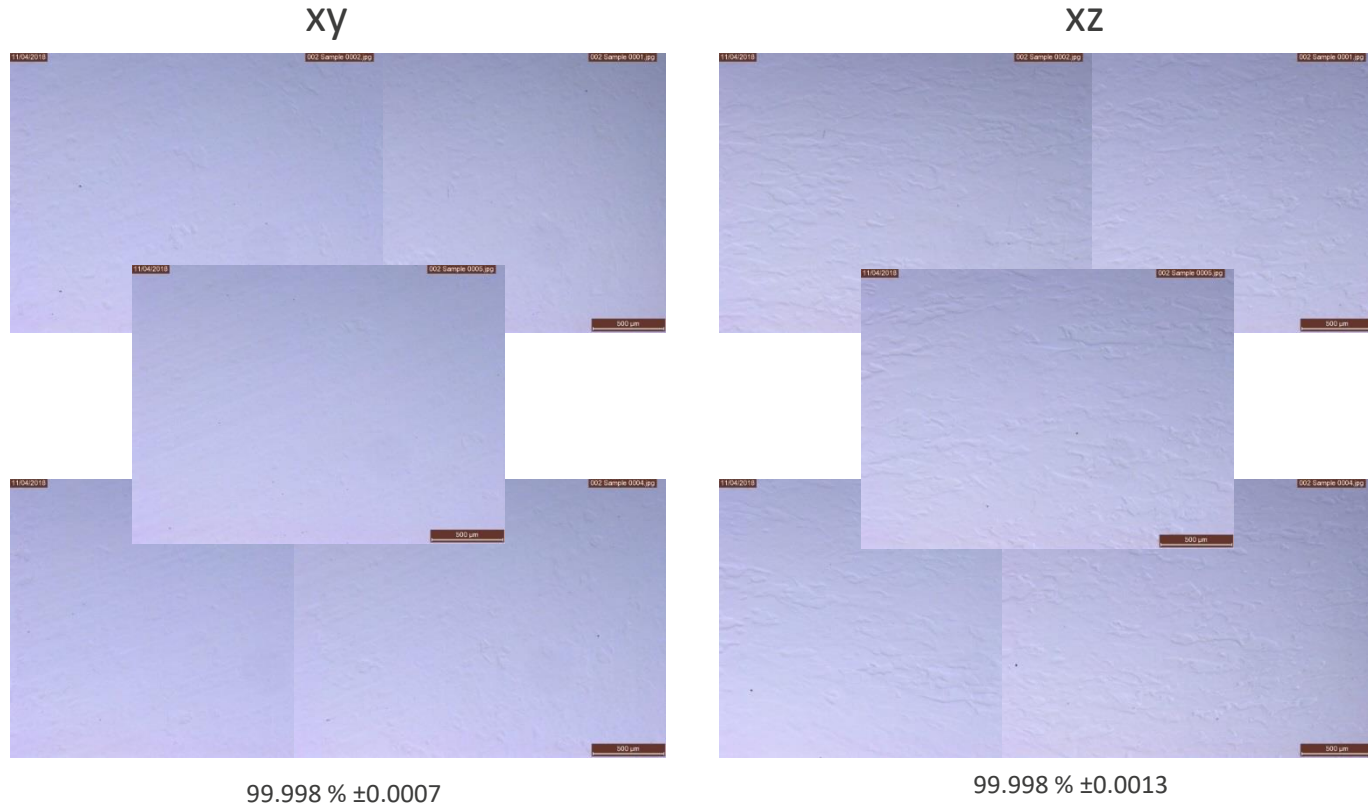


NB.

Different layer thicknesses require different energies per unit volume

Different geometries (thin wall vs bulk) may require different parameters

Example optimisation of parameters for 316L steel in EOS M290



Qualified Facility

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TWI PBF Facility Qualification



First UK PBF facility accredited by Lloyds Register



Challenges

- Hard wiper
- OEM procedures
- Powder humidity and temperature requirements
- Recycling



AMable AM Certification Knowledge Support

Expression of interests sought from SME's & Mid-Caps

Are you ready for AM certification?

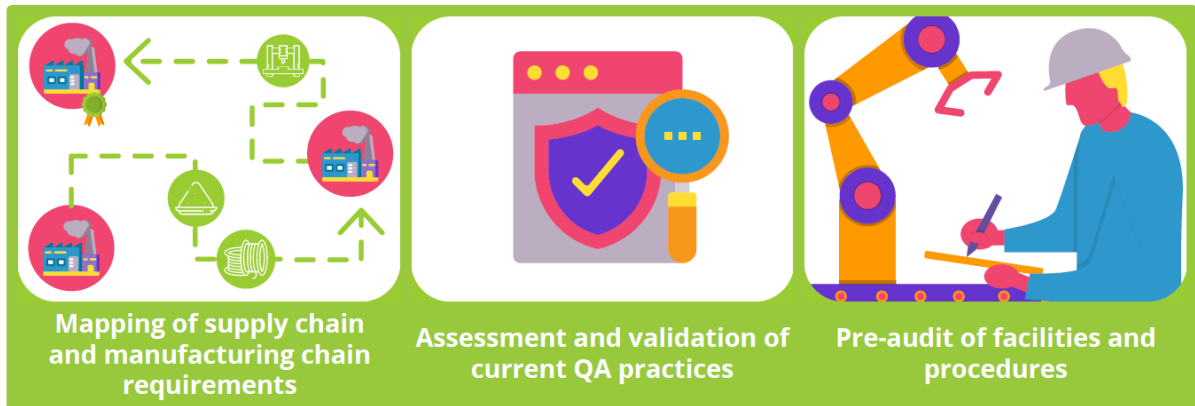
- Do you have an interest in certifying an AM process/component?
- Successful applicants will have **FREE** access to one-on-one tailored consultancy & workshops/training.

Find out more

AMable Form Link:

www.amable.eu/certification

How the support could help your business ?





Thank you for listening!

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